

FILIPINOS WILL CELEBRATE.

TO JOIN IN THE JULY 4 FESTIVITIES THIS YEAR.

Hope for Amnesty on That Day—Conditions in the Various Islands Good—Few Troops Needed to Control Moros—Leaders Have Made Substantial.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

MANILA, June 15.—The Americans here are planning to have a rousing Fourth of July celebration, and the Filipinos are cooperating with them. The natives expect that the Government will grant amnesty on Independence Day.

The Philippine Commission has appointed Sen. Llorante, formerly Governor of Cebu and a Supreme Court Judge under Gen. Otis's administration, Governor of Samar. The appointment is almost unanimously endorsed.

Gen. Lucban, the insurgent leader, who was recently captured, has taken the oath of allegiance and has been released. The strike here is gradually disintegrating. The members of the union have not yet returned to work, but the employees of several large factories have refused to join them further support. The union has failed to secure the cooperation of hundreds of laborers employed in the Quartermaster's Department.

The board that is investigating the charges made by Col. Gardiner of the Thirtieth Regiment, who has made various accusations against the troops, has transferred its sessions from Tavares to Manila. It is generally believed that Col. Gardiner has failed to make good his accusations. The newspapers have frequently attacked him for his attitude toward the army. The board is composed of three officers, two of whom were formerly stationed at the place where Col. Gardiner charges abuses were committed.

Gen. Davis, military commander in Mindanao, has informed the correspondent of THE SUN that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

Gen. Davis says that the Moros are learning that the Americans are trustworthy and will treat them with fairness. The American officers frequently visit the Moro villages. The health of the troops in Mindanao is fine. Only 6 per cent. of them are in the hospital, and these will be transferred to the healthy shore of Lake Lanao. There is continued sniping by the disaffected Moros. The conditions, Gen. Davis says, are probably similar to those which obtained in Luzon. If the fighting does not become close the Americans will not suffer serious losses.

FOURTH ESCAPED WOLVES.

Woman Fights for Her Baby With the Help of Her Dogs—One Wolf Killed.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 15.—There was a fierce fight yesterday at the edge of Aspinwall, just outside the city limits, between three wolves, three dogs and a woman and her baby. One wolf was killed and the two others are at large. That the animals were wolves is proved by the body of the one killed. It is 5 feet 4 inches long from tip to tip and gray in color. It is presumed to be a managie wolf, as its fangs were filed and the feet were worn, showing that the beast had been used to a hard floor.

The animals were seen in the afternoon by Mrs. Margaret Jeffries, who lives with her family in a boathouse in the Allegheny River. The animals tried to enter the cabin by the gangplank and Mrs. Jeffries set her dogs against them. Instead of tackling the beasts the dogs circled around and barked away, followed by the wolves. The wolves jumped into the cabin with the dogs after them and ran toward Mrs. Jeffries's baby, which was playing on the floor with the cat.

In an instant dogs, wolves and cat were in a snarl on the floor, while Mrs. Jeffries picked up her baby and ran into the far end of the cabin. The dogs cornered the wolves so that they fled back to the gangplank. Mrs. Jeffries placed the baby on a shelf and picked up a boulder used to hold the door open, smashed one of the wolves on the head with the stone. His companions fled pursued by the dogs.

Frank Love heard the noise and running into the cabin took a shotgun which was lying alongside the baby and was forgotten by Mrs. Jeffries. He killed the wolf as it was struggling in the water.

It was supposed that the wolves had escaped from the Highland Park Zoological Garden, which is across the river from Aspinwall, but the superintendent there said to-night that none of the wolves was missing.

LAWSON'S TRAINER ARRESTED.
Taken From the Racetrack Before He Could Instruct a Jockey.

BOZEMAN, June 15.—At the Country Club yesterday afternoon a constable arrested Ralph Black, Thomas W. Lawson's head trainer, on a civil process. The constable refused all offers of security from the Lawson people, and demanded the face value of a note for \$400 before he would release Black.

While the negotiations were going on the turfmen say Black was detained in a box stall until the representatives of Lawson's interests arrived, and carriage were taken to Dehman in search of the county officials. Failing to find them at Dehman, they drove to Hyde Park where ball was furnished and Black was released.

It was close to 7 o'clock before the papers were signed and Black was allowed to return. Long before that time the Lawson nomination for the Duke's Cup had tried and failed. At the Lawson stable the men were outstayed in their views of what they considered a bit of racketeering, to beat their entry, for the one important part a trainer has to play is to turn the mount over to the jockey with proper instructions as to his condition, speed in dashes and staying qualities.

Black says he paid a part of the note several years ago, and he will fight in the local courts. Mr. Lawson is indignant and intends to investigate the matter.

ILLICIT STILL IN THE BRONX.
Four Prisoners Taken in the Raid—28 Barrels of Whiskey Carted Away.

Internal Revenue Officer Mayer with Detectives Kennedy and Mullin of the Alexander avenue station, raided an alleged illicit still at 755 East 142d street early yesterday morning and arrested four prisoners. They said they were Samuel Steinbock, 34 Orchard street, David Galland, 742 East 171st street, and Hyman Levine and Max Fine of 210 Division street.

Mayer with the detectives had been watching the house for some time. It is a two-story frame building with a high fence around it. When they saw a wagon loaded with whiskey barrels drive into the yard yesterday morning, they followed the wagon in and arrested Steinbock, Galland and Fine jumped on the wagon and drove off. The detectives chased them to the Harlem bridge, twelve blocks away, where they caught them. Then the detectives drove back to the house and arrested Levine.

They found in the house two stills with the first lot, and in operation, sixty barrels of mash, 2,000 bags of brown sugar, 200 pounds of yeast and twenty-five barrels of whiskey. This was all confiscated.

PERSECUTED MARQUIS LET GO.
Nothing Wrong About Him, Save Perhaps His Mind, the Magistrate Thinks.

The Marquis Carlo Catapani di Gordova, who says he is the victim of a conspiracy to rob him of vast estates in Italy, and who was found early Saturday morning with his hands and feet bound, lying on the tracks of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad at 115th street, was arraigned before Magistrate Flannery yesterday in the Harlem police court on the charge of being a suspicious person.

Detective Lawson, in whose charge he was arrested, said that the Marquis had been arrested as a suspicious person and that he and the other detectives of the West 125th street station had found nothing to confirm the harrowing tale the Marquis had related.

"I don't think we can hold him on any charge unless it be to inquire into his sanity," he said. "I am making a good living as an artist," said the Marquis.

The Magistrate said that under the circumstances he could do nothing but let the prisoner go.

DONOR'S ZIG ZAG SALUTATIONS.
Followers Must Say "Peace to Thee" When They Meet One Another.

CITIZENS, June 15.—John Alexander Dowse has framed a form of salutation for his followers when they meet in Zion City. It must not be "Good morning, neighbor," or "How do you do," or any of the old time forms after to-day, for "Kilish II" has ordered that the greeting be "Peace to thee." "Peace to thee" be multiplied," is the reply.

The custom is copied from the Christians in Latin countries in the early days of Christianity.

After asking that the salutation be used not only in Zion City but over all the world Dowse observes in his *Leaves of Healing* issued yesterday:

"Surely, after such a salutation, foolish talking or jesting, which God so sternly disapproves, shall be avoided. Surely after such a salutation, harsh and unkind words shall be avoided."

Many Poolrooms to Close Up.

Many local poolroom men notified their employers on Saturday night that their places would be closed on Monday and until further notice. The police shake-up has unsettled things so much that the roomkeepers apparently are tired of the uncertainty.

Called to Be Rector of Christ Church.

QUINCY, Mass., June 15.—The Rev. George A. Strong, rector of Christ Church in New York City, has received a call to the rectorship of Christ Church, Broadway and Seventy-first street, New York. Mr. Strong probably will accept.

For general delivery, want of appetite, sick headache and fever, little doses of Dr. D. J. Jones' Tonic Veritally are usually very efficacious.—Ad.

THOSE NAMED FOR ARCHBISHOP.

THAT FATHER COLTON IS ON ONE LIST WAS NEWS.

He Has Been Chancellor of the Archdiocese and Fourth Man Here in Importance—Mr. Mooney, It Is Said, Left Off the List at His Own Wish.

The news from Rome, cabled to THE SUN yesterday morning to the effect that the name of the Rev. Charles H. Colton, rector of St. Stephen's Church in East Twenty-ninth street, is before the Pope as that of one of the chosen candidates for the Archbishopric of New York, was much discussed among the clergy and laity of the diocese yesterday. This despatch contained the first public announcement that Father Colton's name even had been suggested to the Pope.

After the meeting of the Bishops of the Province in Albany last week, it was said that between the Bishops and the priests four names altogether had been to Rome for the Pope's consideration. These, according to the general understanding, were Auxiliary Bishop Farley, at present Administrator of the diocese; Mr. Mooney, Vicar-General of the diocese; Bishop Quigley of Buffalo and Father Patrick F. McSwaney, rector of St. Brigid's. It was said that both Bishops and priests recommended Bishop Farley and Mr. Mooney, while the priests chose Father McSwaney for third on their list and the Bishops, Bishop Quigley.

According to information obtained by THE SUN yesterday, Mr. Mooney's name was not on both lists when they were sent to Rome. The person who gave this information said:

"Since the lists were sent to Rome, it has been learned that Mr. Mooney's name was not on both. When the Vicar-General learned that his name was on the priests' list, he let it be known that he would prefer that the Bishops should not include it in theirs. In deference to his wish, his name was not considered by the Bishops. Their list did include the names of Bishops Farley and Quigley. After their meeting was over, the Bishops were asked if Father Colton's name was on their list. This was the reply:

"There are some things we mustn't be questioned about, but you needn't be greatly surprised if you hear that it is. From this it was concluded that the list of the Bishops contained the names of Bishops Farley and Quigley and Father Colton. It is pretty generally assumed throughout the diocese that Bishop Farley will be selected as Archbishop of Corraige's successor, but those who remember church history will remember that the Holy Father has not always chosen for so high an office a candidate recommended to him as a dilettante. Archbishop Corraige was only dilettante, and yet he was selected."

Father Colton is highly regarded, both in this diocese and at Rome. For the past five years he has been the Chancellor of the archdiocese and all the moves have passed through his hands. He has shown himself to be a most skillful financier. Further than that, it has been given to him to grant many dispensations, and he has done this work in a way highly acceptable to the priests of the diocese and to the Archbishop. For the past five years he has been the fourth man in importance in the archdiocese.

ALL NEGROES WARNED AWAY.
Gov. Yates Takes a Hand in the Crusade at Eldorado, Ill.

ELDERADO, Ill., June 15.—The anti-negro crusade which began here early in April has broken up the colored public school, an industrial school and farm, a colored church and driven many families out of the country. It reached a climax at Harrisburg yesterday. This notice was posted in several public places:

ALL NEGROES IN HARRISBURG AND VICINITY ARE GIVEN NOTICE TO LEAVE BY ORDER OF COMMITTEES.

The anti-negro crusade did not assume serious proportions until April. Since then negroes who have lived nearly all their lives in the county and against whose character and integrity no charge has been made, have been compelled to leave their homes at a sacrifice, abandon their crops, leave their jobs and seek homes elsewhere. The public schools have been closed, the public having been driven out of town.

The Eldorado Normal and Industrial Institute, conducted by the Rev. Dr. Booker T. Washington's school at Tuskegee, Ala., and Prof. J. B. Lett, its teachers, have been compelled to leave the county. The African Methodist Church building has been partly wrecked, and its pastor, the Rev. Peter A. Green, is without a congregation. City Attorney J. B. Lett, in a letter that he will do nothing to bring the perpetrators to justice.

Gov. Yates and Attorney-General Hamlin have ordered State Highway Patrolmen to the aid of the crusade. In the summer of 1910, Saline county to proceed against the persecutors of the negroes. The attorney must act without the support of Sheriff Samuel H. Devery, who has gone to the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad at 115th street, was arraigned before Magistrate Flannery yesterday in the Harlem police court on the charge of being a suspicious person.

Detective Lawson, in whose charge he was arrested, said that the Marquis had been arrested as a suspicious person and that he and the other detectives of the West 125th street station had found nothing to confirm the harrowing tale the Marquis had related.

"I don't think we can hold him on any charge unless it be to inquire into his sanity," he said. "I am making a good living as an artist," said the Marquis.

The Magistrate said that under the circumstances he could do nothing but let the prisoner go.

KISSING THE KING'S HAND.
The Act Performed by the King's Subjects Only as a Sign of Loyalty and Fealty.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Men in Washington acquainted with the practices of the Court of St. James, in London, called from London that King Edward waived the rule that his hand should be kissed with regard to the Americans who attended Ambassador Choate's dinner in honor of the King's birthday.

Foreigners do not kiss the King's hand, even when they are presented at court, said a man who has had much experience in English society. "Kissing the hand is a sign of loyalty and fealty, as is performed only by the King's subjects."

When the story was recalled that the son of Philip H. Aron, the famous lawyer, had kissed the King's hand when they were presented at court recently, the man quoted remarked that the story must have been untrue.

HOT DAY IN WASHINGTON.
But the President Went to Church and Took a Long Horseback Ride.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—This was a very hot day in Washington, just about as hot as it ever gets, but the heat did not interfere in the slightest with President Roosevelt's regular Sabbath day custom. He walked to the little Dutch Reformed Church and attended service in the morning and took a long horseback ride in the country in the afternoon. There were no guests at the White House dinner to-night.

CO-EDS IN SEPARATE CLASSES.

University of Chicago Planning to Keep the Boys and Girls Apart.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The separation of the co-eds and men students in the junior college of the University of Chicago needs only the approval of the university senate and the board of trustees to become a reality. President Harper announced last night that the Council of the junior college had decided to recommend to the higher ruling bodies of the university that the young men and women of the freshman and sophomore classes be separated as soon as possible. The President would say nothing more about the proposed changes in the lower classes of the university, as there are many things yet to be decided upon.

The university senate will take up the question to-morrow at its weekly meeting. The question of segregation has been before the university ruling bodies for more than nine months, and when news of the change reached the ears of the public, strenuous objections were at once raised. The authorities of the university say that the proposed plan is made necessary because of the crowded condition of the laboratories and main recitation halls. Co-ordinate education is the name given to the education scheme which is now to succeed coeducation in the junior colleges at the University of Chicago. Dean Marion Talbot, one of the leaders of the segregation, and it was she who presented to the junior faculty the minority report of the committee that has had the matter under consideration.

HAD HER LANDLADY ARRESTED.

Mrs. Thompson Is Sure That Mrs. Chamberlain Stole Her Two Pocketbooks.

Mrs. Caroline B. Chamberlain, 58 years old, who says she is a physician living at 305 West 144th street, was held for trial yesterday before Magistrate Flannery in the Harlem police court on a charge of grand larceny made by Mrs. Katharine Thompson of 24 Bradhurst avenue.

Mrs. Thompson has been staying with Mrs. Swift and was going to Perth Amboy, N. J., on Friday afternoon. She borrowed a satchel from Mrs. Chamberlain and put in it two pocketbooks, one containing \$3, and the other some small change, ready to start the next morning. Mrs. Chamberlain, she says, came to the house that night and wanted her satchel. She said she took it, but when Mrs. Thompson awoke the next morning she says the pocketbooks were missing.

The police were notified and one of the pocketbooks was found in Mrs. Chamberlain's room. She denied in court that she took the money.

HELD FOR MARY QUINN MURDER.

Nextdoor Neighbor Charged With Killing the Seranton Woman.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 15.—Bert Anderson, aged 29 years, was arrested here to-day, charged with the murder of Mary Quinn two weeks ago. She was assaulted and killed in a vacant lot.

Anderson has been under surveillance for several days, and the police appear to have developed enough to have risked an arrest. It appears that two men saw Anderson coming from the field in which the crime was committed. He took a quick look at the night of the murder. Anderson, who lives next door to the Quinn family, maintains that he was in bed at 9:30 o'clock the night of the crime and that he knew nothing about it until he read of the murder in the newspapers on the following day.

It has been ascertained that for years there has been a bitter feud between the Andersons and the Quinns.

O. U. A. M. AFTER A PRINCIPAL.

Because, They Say, He Does Not Himself Read the Bible to His School.

Members of the Tremont branch of the Junior Order, United American Mechanics, say that they are going to prefer charges against William P. McCarthy, principal of public school 42 at 173d street and Third avenue, for failing to carry out personally the rule which they say requires him to read the Bible every day to the pupils.

Mr. McCarthy is a native of Ireland. The Principal James Deverlin reads the Bible every day in his place.

Mr. McCarthy was at his home in West End last night. Friends of his say that the spirit of the law is being complied with and are not inclined to treat seriously the idea of charges being brought against him.

WANTED \$3 FOR STOLEN HORSE.

Agreed to Take \$4 and Then He Was Arrested—Belonged to Peddler.

A boy who said he was Archie Colvener, 12 years old, of 156 Avenue B, woke up Bernard Heitmler of 632 East 142d street yesterday morning and asked him if he would like to buy a horse. The boy pointed to a weary, scraggy-looking animal that stood in the street and said he wanted \$3 for it. Heitmler said he didn't object to \$3 for it and he took the horse.

The boy was locked up in the Alexander Avenue station and the horse was taken to the horse farm of a peddler in Division street.

Big Job for the Board of Aldermen.

A resolution was adopted by the Central Federated Union yesterday calling on the Board of Aldermen to pass an ordinance requiring every city employee whose calling is represented by a labor union to sign a copy to the board.

Court Calendars This Day.

Appellate Division, Supreme Court—Albion, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411,